



Year 3 Art & Design - Autumn Term 1: Contrast and Complement



1. Watercolour:

Watercolour paint is a translucent paint, which can be made bolder and stronger by layering.



4. Colour Composition: Visual elements include colour, line, shape, form, pattern and tone.



2. Colour Theory: Examples of contrasting colours include red and green, blue and orange, and yellow and purple (violet). They are obviously different to one another and are opposite each other on the colour wheel.

Analogous colours are groups of colours that are next to each other on the colour wheel.



How do Artists Use Colour for Effect?

3. Colour in Art:

Artists use colour in different ways to create different effects. This includes using colour to make features stand out or to create a particular mood or atmosphere.

5. Visual elements include colour, line, shape, form, pattern and tone.



Sketch	Bold	Contrast	Complement	Mood	Visual Effect
Colour	Composition	Watercolour	Analogous	Atmosphere	Tone